

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. A sensor array device for detecting an analyte in a fluid, said
2 device comprising:
3 an array of sensors; and
4 an infrared detector operatively associated with each sensor, wherein said
5 infrared detector measures a response in the presence of said analyte.
- 1 2. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein said infrared
2 detector is an infrared camera.
- 1 3. The sensor array device according to claim 1, further comprising a
2 thermographic image display.
- 1 4. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein said detector
2 measures a matrix of responses.
- 1 5. The sensor array device according to claim 4, wherein said matrix
2 is 256 x 256.
- 1 6. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein at least one
2 of said sensors in the array is a member selected from the group consisting of
3 conducting/nonconducting regions sensors, bulk conducting polymer films, surface
4 acoustic wave devices, fiber optic micromirrors, quartz crystal microbalances, dye
5 impregnated polymeric coatings on optical fibers, sintered metal oxide sensors,
6 phthalocyanine sensors, Pd-gate MOSFET devices, electrochemical cells, conducting
7 polymer sensors, lipid coating sensors, metal FET structures, carbon black-polymer
8 composites, micro-electro-mechanical system devices, micromachined cantilevers, and
9 micro-opto-electro-mechanical system devices.
- 1 7. The sensor array device according to claim 6, wherein at least one
2 of said sensors in the array is a conducting/nonconducting regions sensor.
- 1 8. The sensor array device according to claim 1, further comprising a
2 computer having a resident comparison algorithm.

1 9. The sensor array device according to claim 8, wherein said
2 comparison algorithm is performed using a pattern recognition algorithm which is a
3 member selected from the group consisting of principal component analysis, Fisher linear
4 discriminant analysis, soft independent modeling of class analogy, K-nearest neighbors,
5 and canonical discriminant analysis.

1 10. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein said analyte
2 is a member selected from the group consisting of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, dienes,
3 alicyclic hydrocarbons, arenes, alcohols, ethers, ketones, aldehydes, carbonyls,
4 carbanions, polynuclear aromatics, heterocycles, organic derivatives, biomolecules,
5 microorganisms, fungi, bacteria, microbes, viruses, metabolites, sugars, isoprenes and
6 isoprenoids, fatty acids and their derivatives.

1 11. The sensor array device according with claim 1, wherein said
2 analyte is a microorganism marker gas.

1 12. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein said sensor
2 array is used in an application selected from the group consisting of environmental
3 toxicology, remediation, biomedicine, material quality control, food monitoring,
4 agricultural monitoring, heavy industrial manufacturing, ambient air monitoring, worker
5 protection, emissions control, product quality testing, oil/gas petrochemical applications,
6 combustible gas detection, H₂S monitoring, hazardous leak detection, emergency
7 response and law enforcement applications, explosives detection, utility and power
8 applications, food/beverage/agriculture applications, freshness detection, fruit ripening
9 control, fermentation process monitoring and control, flavor composition and
10 identification, product quality and identification, refrigerant and fumigant detection,
11 cosmetic/perfume applications, fragrance formulation, chemical/plastics/pharmaceuticals
12 applications, fugitive emission identification, solvent recovery effectiveness,
13 hospital/medical applications, anesthesia and sterilization gas detection, infectious disease
14 detection, breath analysis and body fluids analysis.

1 13. The sensor array device array according to claim 1, further
2 comprising robotic armature for high throughput assay screening.

1 14. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein said array of
2 sensors comprise about 10 to about 100 sensors.

1 15. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein said array of
2 sensors comprise about 100 to about 1000 sensors.

1 16. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein at least two
2 sensors are compositionally different.

1 17. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein said sensor
2 array is part of a handheld device.

1 18. The sensor array device according to claim 1, wherein said fluid is
2 a gas.

1 19. A method for monitoring the quality of a sensor, comprising:
2 photographing said sensor with an infrared camera to generate a thermographic image;
3 and analyzing said thermographic image thereby monitoring the quality of said sensor.

1 20. The method according to claim 19, wherein at least one of said
2 sensors in said array is a member selected from the group consisting of
3 conducting/nonconducting sensors, bulk conducting polymer films, surface acoustic wave
4 devices, fiber optic micromirrors, quartz crystal microbalances, dye impregnated
5 polymeric coatings on optical fibers, sintered metal oxide sensors, phthalocyanine
6 sensors, Pd-gate MOSFET devices, electrochemical cells, conducting polymer sensors,
7 lipid coating sensors, metal FET structures, carbon black-polymer composites, micro-
8 electro-mechanical system devices, micromachined cantilevers, and micro-opto-electro-
9 mechanical system devices.

1 21. The method according to claim 20, wherein at least one of said
2 sensors in said array is a conducting/nonconducting regions sensor.

1 22. A method for identifying the conducting path of a sensor,
2 comprising: photographing the sensor with an infrared camera to generate a

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3 thermographic image; and analyzing the thermographic image to identify the conducting
4 path of said sensor.

1 **23.** The method according to claim 22, wherein said sensor is a
2 member selected from the group consisting of conducting/nonconducting regions sensors,
3 bulk conducting polymer films, surface acoustic wave devices, fiber optic micromirrors,
4 quartz crystal microbalances, dye impregnated polymeric coatings on optical fibers,
5 sintered metal oxide sensors, phthalocyanine sensors, Pd-gate MOSFET devices,
6 electrochemical cells, conducting polymer sensors, lipid coating sensors, metal FET
7 structures, carbon black-polymer composites, micro-electro-mechanical system devices,
8 micromachined cantilevers, and micro-opto-electro-mechanical system devices.

1 **24.** A computer program product to calculate the uniformity of a
2 infrared detector output having a plurality of pixels, said computer program product
3 comprising:
4 code for finding the temperature at each pixel of said output;
5 code for sorting said plurality pixels of said output based on temperature ;
6 code for calculating the cumulative sum of temperature and plotting the
7 cumulative sum against the ratio of said plurality of pixels;
8 code for calculating the ratio of pixels that generates the 50% cumulative
9 sum of temperature; and
10 a computer readable storage medium for holding said codes.

1 **25.** The computer code product according to claim 24, wherein said
2 infrared detector output is a thermograph.